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In nature, colored diamonds can come in quite surprising forms. They can be extremely diverse: more or less round or angular, sometimes even oblong and thin as a piece of crystal. However, you may have noticed that rough stones often have typical shapes. Triangular ones are most characteristic. They can be more or less large. The most voluminous are octaeters, which resemble two pyramids glued together. Some of which are almost perfect, and therefore, can make a beautiful piece of jewelry. You can also find half-octaeder, which really resemble small pyramids. Then you have flattering triangular shapes, which are called mackles. Beautiful macla can be used as such to make an original and unique jewel as well. Strangely, a rough diamond can also be almost perfectly round. That's what you call ballast. It is characteristic that it can not be cut, unlike other rough diamonds. Now, contrary to geometric shapes, you can find completely uneven. They can either be smooth - like a pebble that is polished by the sea - or very angular and jagged. Whether geometric or not, each rough diamond hits you like a one-of-a-kind treasure of nature. These gems are very inspiring for jewelry design: unlike cut stones, rough diamonds trigger your imagination to create a piece that will best enhance its natural beauty. Posted on September 22, 2019 | Posted in Know Diamond ? Triangular ones are most characteristic. They can be more or less large. The most voluminous are octaeters, which resemble two pyramids glued together. Some of which are almost perfect, and therefore, can make a beautiful piece of jewelry. You can also find half-octaeder, which really resemble small pyramids. Then you have flattering triangular shapes, which are called mackles. Beautiful macla can be used as such to make an original and unique jewel as well. Now, contrary to geometric shapes, you can find completely uneven. They can either be smooth - like a pebble that is polished by the sea - or very angular and jagged. Whether geometric or not, each rough diamond hits you like a one-of-a-kind treasure of nature. These gems are very inspiring for jewelry design: unlike cut stones, rough diamonds trigger your imagination to create a piece that will best enhance its natural beauty. On, SKSM Diamonds Impex Limited, we produce fantastic diamonds from rough diamonds. Category: Do we know diamond? Comments Home | Rough diamond | Rough diamond sorting-sorting diamond crystallized in the cubic system and its crystalline shapes are numerous, the main ones are: Octahedron Dodecahedron Cube Rhombododecahedron After the diamond was found, it must be sorted by certain categories before selling: Diamonds for cutting diamonds for cutting industrial diamonds Rough diamond can be sorted by 3 different categories : Precious quality industrial quality crushing-Boart or Boart Boart 20 % of the world's production of rough diamonds is intended for jewellery (gem quality) and 80 % for industrial purposes. There will be more than 5,000 possible classifications of rough diamonds. Gem Quality Diamond is the type of quality that will be used in the jewelry industry. It should be of good color and with good clarity, its shape is not very important, because the diamond must be cut. This category of diamonds requires classification of stones by subcategories. Photos from diamondrough.com stones: a very beautiful stone of more than 1 carat. Fancy Colors stones are those of color that is not located between bluish white and yellowish. The color of fantastic colors diamonds (colored diamonds) is blue, green, pink, yellow, brown, etc... Closed stones: are monocrystals, beautiful shapes, good for cutting and polishing. Spotted stones: are monocrystals, beautiful shapes, these stones have inclusions, but it is possible to make them disappear with the cutting. Naats: are deformations of crystallizations, they need to be split or brynet. Irregular stones: are octade or dodecades (irregular shapes), they are directly cut. They need to be split. Film-coated stones: the industry are named covered stones «speculation stones». A gangster or a movie hides them, hiding the inside of the stone. They can remain opaque or let a beautiful stone appear. Frosted stones: are identical to a coating, but the film is transluc. Milk stones: as its name shows, this stone has a milky aspect. Blocks: of a certain shape, their crystal-rehabilitation is difficult to see. Plats: in fact, usually poppies are very commonly used for cutting rose. Sand: they are very small stones (less than 0.10 carat), mostly used for size 8/8 Common goods: they are of very poor quality and are the final product of the quality of the gemstone. Rejection of stones: they are of very poor quality and therefore need to be removed. Industrial quality Diamond As its name shows, this is the quality of the diamond, which is reserved for the industry. However, industrial diamonds should be of good quality. The yellow color is preferred due to greater hardness. One classifies them according to weight less than 3 carta, but also according to their number of points. They use them, for example, to produce matrices, drilling tools, etc. Crusher-Boart or Boart This is the worst diamond quality that exists. It is usually crushed and will be used as a diamond powder, which is used during the polishing of diamonds. Rough diamonds photos rough diamond (Octaeder, Dodecadeder, Macles) Quality of jewels. Rough diamond fant color (dodecadeed, octaedur, maces, yellow, pink purple, etc...). Fancy color polished diamonds. Industrial quality of rough diamonds. Rough diamond Boar quality. The Diamond Photo Gallery. Diamond cutting greatly improves the shine and shine of the Diamonds. Diamonds often come out of the ground like any other stone stone we can intervene to release their inner beauty and brilliance. But sometimes, a rough diamond can also be something of beauty. When they form, diamonds crystallize like octoeders, cubes or dodecadehairni, they can even have two or more of these shapes, and small triangles called triangles can be seen on the surface. Many of the images below are higher resolution than they appear, click on them to see the larger version. A 29.6-carat blue diamond found at the Cullinan mine, South Africa. The exceptional bright fine stone can give a polished stone of great value and importance, the company said in a statement. Another shot of a 29.6 carat blue diamond found at the Cullinan mine, South Africa. Leibish Pink Promise as a 4.96 carat rough diamond. Argyle Pink Jubilee rough blue diamond is a rough pink diamond and the largest rough pink diamond found in Australia. Weighing 12.76 carat, he was found at the Rio Tinto Argyle diamond mine in Western Australia. This 498 carat diamond was discovered in Lesotho, Africa. Trigons on the surface of a diamond Photo with a high resolution of 91.65 carat quality of uneven diamond sold by the Diamond Company Diamcor. It departed for \$817,920.00 (U.S.), or \$8,917.58 (U.S.) per carat. Click on this photo and look full screen – you will see very small triangles (called trigons) on the surface of the diamond. Before and after: a demonstration of how rough diamonds can be separated before they are cut off. It's a diamond with a grenade launcher from Siberia. Unfortunately, it is only 2 mm in diameter. This type of stone is of particular interest to scientists, as they give chemical traces of their age, how they are created and how the Earth's crust behaves in huge time frames. Unparalleled in its coarse shape 890-heel on the left, and the finished 407.48sq m stone in its golden decoration stands, right. Rough has also brought 14 satellite stones of different colors from yellow, with a slight brown tint to pale yellow, and the rest are practically colorless. Unparalleled sold as part of a \$55 million necklace, being recorded in the Guinness Book of Records for the world's most expensive necklace. The 253.7-carat oppenheimer diamond is in the shape of an octaetle (eight-sided double pyramid), which is the general shape of diamond crystals. This diamond is 3.8 cm high and was discovered at the Dutoispan mine near kimberley, South Africa in 1964. The Oppenheimer diamond is unusual because diamonds of size rarely go uncut. Photo by Chip Clark, Smithsonian institution. Lucara Diamond Corporation has collected the 239.2 diamond from the Karow mine in Botswana. Recently, two extraordinary stones were found in the mine, including a stone weighing 124 carates and another weighing 71.1 carates. A group of natural Petra diamond crystals recovered this 25.5 carat blue diamond in its famous Cullinan mine. The most common form of Gem quality diamond is octaed, which resembles two pyramids back to the back. Crystals, which are almost perfect in shape and transparency, are called glassware. A diamond crystal called Macle to see how little it can cost to protect your treasures with specialized jewelry insurance, get a snapshot online quote below. Under.

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